

ΘΕΜΑ 1. ΚΑΤΑΝΟΗΣΗ ΓΡΑΠΤΟΥ ΛΟΓΟΥ

Read the text and decide if each statement (1-10) is True (A) or False (B).

The history of post

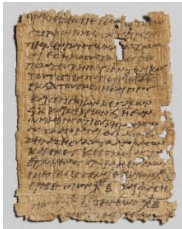
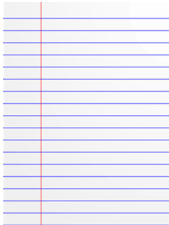
People made the first stamps when they made modern paper. This is when people started to learn how to read and write. In earlier times, only the rich people sent messages. People wrote their letters on the skin of a sheep. Egyptians, Greeks and Romans used papyrus. People made modern paper in England. Horses and guides brought the letters from London to towns and villages of the country. The King had this post. Of course, he could read all the letters! In 1840, people made the first stamp. Its name was 'penny black' because it cost a penny. The person who made it was Sir Rowland Hill. People used the first postcards around 1870. Post offices took letters to people's houses.



STATEMENTS		A	B
		TRUE	FALSE
1.	This is a stamp. 		
2.	People use stamps to send letters and postcards.		
3.	In the past, all people could read and write.		
4.	In the past, rich people did not send any letters.		
5.	People used modern paper for the first time in Italy.		
6.	People in England used horses to send their letters.		
7.	The King of England controlled the post.		
8.	In 1840 the first stamp was made.		
9.	Sir Rowland Hill made the first stamp.		
10.	In 1870 people sent letters for the last time.		

ΘΕΜΑ 2^α. ΛΕΞΙΚΟΓΡΑΜΜΑΤΙΚΗ

Match each underlined word in the sentences below (11-20) with a picture from the box (A-J). Use each picture only once.

A	B	C	D	E	F
					
					

11.	There is a <u>post office</u> near my house.
12.	The Queen went everywhere by <u>coach</u> .
13.	<u>Sheep</u> live in farms.
14.	I wrote a <u>letter</u> to my grandma.
15.	Can you give me a piece of <u>paper</u> ?
16.	This is a beautiful <u>postcard</u> from France.
17.	I know how to ride a <u>horse</u> .
18.	The <u>King</u> lived in a castle.
19.	My <u>village</u> is not near Athens.
20.	Egyptians used <u>papyrus</u> .